American Political Systems Political Science 1150-01 Fall 2018

Class time: MWF 10:00am - 10:50am **Steven Rogers** Office: McGannon Hall 125

Classroom: Xavier 174

Email: steven.rogers@slu.edu Office Hours: Wednesdays 2 - 3pm or by appointment

Course Description

This class is an introductory survey course of the political science American Politics subfield. By the end of this course, you should have a familiarity with some of the fundamental debates and works within American political science research. The first half of this class focuses on political institutions. Here, we will study how political elites act within the American political system to achieve their goals. The second half of the class focuses on political behavior. Here, we will focus on how voters develop and act upon their political opinions. Theories of politics and political behavior can help us interpret and explain contemporary politics, so throughout the course, we will keep a collective eye on events in Washington.

<u>Learning Objectives</u>

- To understand the theoretical underpinnings of research focusing on institutional aspects of the United States government, with a focus on legislative, executive and judicial institutions.
- 2. To understand the theoretical underpinnings of research focusing on political behavior, with a focus on public opinion, partisanship, and elections.
- 3. Students will acquire conceptual tools and methodologies to analyze and understand their social world. With these tools, they will be able to act in their world more effectively and become forces for positive change. They will gain a better understanding of human diversity. Students will be able to think and write critically about human behavior and community. They will become aware of the various methodological approaches used by social scientists.

Course Requirements

Tests:

This course will have a midterm and a final exam. The midterm exam is on Wednesday, October 17, and you will be notified by October 5 of the Course Topics you will be responsible for on the exam. The final exam will be cumulative and take place on Monday, December 17. Exam questions will be multiple choice, short answer, and essay based. If scheduling permits, there will be an in-class review session prior to the midterm and final exams.

Papers:

There will be two main written assignments in this course. They will require you to review and critique debates in American political science research. The first paper focuses on presidential power, and the second paper focuses on presidential elections. The first paper will be 4-5 pages and due on Friday, October 5, and the second paper will be 6 – 7 pages and due on Tuesday, November 20. You will receive more details about the assignments at least three weeks before the papers are due.

Assignments and Quizzes:

To review material from readings and lecture, there will be quizzes and homework assignments throughout the semester. Most quizzes will be on Blackboard reviewing Topics from class and readings. For homework assignments, all answers should be typed and emailed to Professor Rogers in MS Word (preferred) or PDF format by the 10:00am on the due date.

Class Participation:

You are expected to complete the readings and contribute to class discussion. Your participation grade is determined by more than attending class. If you must miss a class for a legitimate reason, such as illness, family emergency, or University-sponsored activity, you should contact the professor as soon as possible.

You are permitted three unexcused absences from class. For each additional unexcused absence, your final course grade will be reduced by 0.25%. An absence is excused only if explicitly stated by Professor Rogers by email (therefore if you speak to Professor Rogers – be sure to send a follow up email to confirm excuse). Professor Rogers plans to use Tegrity to record most lectures. Students with a university approved excused absence may request recordings. It, however, will not be assured that all lectures will be recorded.

Grades & Key Dates

Your grade for this course will consist of the following components and relative weights:

Item	Overall Course Grade Weight	Due Date	
Assignments and Quizzes	15%	Throughout Semester	
Participation	10%	Throughout Semester	
Midterm	15%	October 17	
Final Exam	27.5%	December 17	
Paper 1	12.5%	October 5	
Paper 2	20%	November 20	

There will be no make-up tests or deadline extensions given in this course. Exemptions will only be made with written (e.g. email) prior consent for planned events such as sponsored SLU activities or religious observances or under unusual circumstances such as a documented medical emergency. It is the student's responsibility to request and obtain this consent. Late papers and assignments will be marked down 10% for each day, and there will be no extensions for Blackboard Quizzes. There will be no assignments designated purely as "extra credit."

When determining the final grade, the following grading scale will be used. I will round final grades. Depending on the distribution of grades, I reserve the right to impose curves to assignments and final grades.

Letter Grade	Percentage	Letter Grade	Percentage	Letter Grade	Percentage
A	93% - 100%	В	83% - 86%	С	73% - 76%
A-	90% - 92%	B-	80% - 82%	C-	70% - 72%
B+	87% - 89%	C+	77% - 79%	D	60% - 69%
				F	below 60%

We will not hold class on the following days:

- October 22 23: Fall Break
- November 21 23: Thanksgiving Break

Course Evaluations

Students are requested to fill out a course evaluation at the end of the course.

Academic Honesty

Academic integrity is honest, truthful and responsible conduct in all academic endeavors. The mission of Saint Louis University is "the pursuit of truth for the greater glory of God and for the service of humanity." Accordingly, all acts of falsehood demean and compromise the corporate endeavors of teaching, research, health care, and community service through which SLU embodies its mission. The University strives to prepare students for lives of personal and professional integrity and therefore regards all breaches of academic integrity as matters of serious concern.

The governing University-level Academic Integrity Policy was adopted in Spring 2015, and can be accessed on the Provost's Office website:

http://www.slu.edu/provost/policies/academic-and-course/policy_academic-integrity_6-26-2015.pdf

Additionally, each SLU college, school and center has adopted its own academic integrity policies, available on their respective websites. All SLU students are expected to know and abide by these policies, which detail definitions of violations, processes for reporting violations, sanctions, and appeals. Please direct questions about any facet of academic integrity to your faculty, the chair of the department of your academic program, or the dean/director of the college, school or center in which your program is housed.

Specific College of Arts and Sciences Academic Honesty Policies and Procedures may be found here: http://www.slu.edu/arts-and-sciences/student-resources/academic-honesty.php

Title IX

Saint Louis University and its faculty are committed to supporting our students and seeking an environment that is free of bias, discrimination and harassment. If you have encountered any form of sexual misconduct (e.g. sexual assault, sexual harassment, stalking, domestic or dating violence), we encourage you to report this to the University.

If you speak with a faculty member about an incident of misconduct, that faculty member must notify SLU's Title IX coordinator, Anna R. Kratky (DuBourg Hall, room 36; anna.kratky@slu.edu; 314-977-3886) and share the basic fact of your experience with her. The Title IX coordinator will then be available to assist you in understanding all of your options and in connecting you with all possible resources on and off campus.

If you wish to speak with a confidential source, you may contact the counselors at the University Counseling Center at 314-977-TALK. View SLU's sexual misconduct policy:

http://www.slu.edu/about/safety/pdfs/sexual-misconduct-policy-version7.0.pdf

Student Success Center

In recognition that people learn in a variety of ways and that learning is influenced by multiple factors (e.g., prior experience, study skills, learning disability), resources to support student success are available on campus. The Student Success Center assists students with academic related services, and is located in the Busch Student Center (Suite, 331) and the School of Nursing (Suite, 114). Students who think they might benefit from these resources can find out more about:

- Course-level support (e.g., faculty member, departmental resources, etc.) by asking your course instructor.
- University-level support (e.g., tutoring services, university writing services, disability services, academic coaching, career services, and/or facets of curriculum planning) by visiting the Student Success Center.

University Writing Services

I encourage you to take advantage of University Writing Services; getting feedback benefits all writers! Trained writing consultants can help with any writing, multimedia project, or oral presentation. During one-on-one consultations, you can work on everything from brainstorming and developing ideas to crafting strong sentences and documenting sources. *These services do fill up*, so please make an appointment! Also, bring your assignment description, and a few goals, to the consultation! For more information, or to make an appointment, call 314-977-3484 or visit:

https://www.slu.edu/life-at-slu/student-success-center/academic-support/university-writing-services/index.php.

Students with Special Needs-Disability Services

Students with a documented disability who wish to request academic accommodations are encouraged to contact Disability Services to discuss accommodation requests and eligibility requirements.

Please contact Disability Services, located within the Student Success Center, at disability_services@slu.edu or 314-977-3484 to schedule an appointment. Confidentiality will be observed in all inquiries.

Once approved, information about academic accommodations will be shared with course instructors via email from Disability Services and viewed within Banner via the instructor's course roster. Students should then contact Professor Rogers to discuss accommodations.

Required Texts

The following texts should be available from the University Bookstore or online retailers, such as Amazon.com. Other readings will be made available via Blackboard.

Kollman, Ken. 2017. Readings in American Politics: Analysis and Perspectives. New York, NY. W.W. Norton Company. ISBN: 978-0393283686

Neustadt, Richard. 1991. Presidential Power and the Modern Presidents: The Politics of Leadership from Roosevelt to Reagan. New York, NY. The Free Press. ISBN: 9780029227961

Sides, John & Lynn Vavreck. 2013. *The Gamble: Choice and Chance in the 2012 Presidential Election*. Princeton, NJ. Princeton University Press. ISBN: 9780691156880

This class will briefly review some of the formal procedures of how American government works (e.g. steps in how a bill becomes a law). It is assumed students have a basic understanding of these processes from POLS 1100, AP American Government, or a strong high school civics class. If you are less familiar with how the American government works, the following book (or earlier editions) provides excellent explanations of many key concepts in the course. The course outline specifies suggested Chapters or sections to read for each topic.

Kernell, Samuel, Gary C. Jacobson, Thad Kousser, and Lynn Vavreck. *The Logic of American Politics*. 7th Edition. ISBN: 9781483319841

Course Outline

The following listing of topics outlines the subjects we will cover in class and the reading assignments for each of the topics. This is a tentative outline intended to give you an overview of the course. I will notify you throughout the semester of when you will be responsible for certain readings in class and on the Blackboard calendar. I reserve the right to make changes to the syllabus as the semester progresses. You are responsible for any of the changes to the assigned readings. Readings on the syllabus designated as Kollman will be in the Kollman text, and all other readings will be available on Blackboard. If you have any trouble accessing any of the on-line pieces or the Blackboard calendar is not updated, please let Professor Rogers know as soon as possible.

Within each Topic below are "Questions to consider while reading" to help guide your reading.

Topic 1: The Constitution

- The U.S. Constitution
- Federalist Papers 10, 51, & 39
- Kollman 2.1: Brutus. "The Anti-Federalist" [9 pages]
- Kollman 2.3: Dahl, Robert. "How Democratic is the American Constitution?" [5 pages]
- Stein, Jeff. "This study shows American Federalism is a total joke." [9 pages]
- Suggested Reading:
 - o Kollman 3.2: Riker, William. "Federalism: Origin, Operation, Significance."
- Questions to consider while reading:
 - How are the arguments presented in the Federalist papers a response to the colonists' experiences under monarchical and aristocratic rule? [Federalist Papers]
 - Does Madison advocate for a more "democratic" or "republican" form of government? Why? [Federalist Papers; Brutus; Dahl]
 - How powerful are states under the U.S. Constitution? [US Constitution]
 - Does policymaking appear to matter for state lawmakers' elections? [Stein]
- ❖ Accompanying Kernell, Jacobson, Kousser, and Vavreck Reading
 - Chapter 2 (Focus on pages 53 64; 69 -76)
 - Chapter 3 (Focus on pages 85 92)

Topic 2: Introduction to the Spatial Model

- Smith, Steven. "The American Congress." Appendix. [12 pages]
- Suggested Reading:
 - o Stewart, Charles. "Analyzing Congress." Chapter 1. 2001.

Topic 3: Congress

- Fenno, Richard. Congressmen in Committees pp. Prologue & Ch. 1. (1973). [19 pages]
- Kollman 5.1: Mayhew, David. "The Electoral Connection" [13 pages]
- Kollman 12.1: Aldrich, John. "Why Parties? A Second Look" [16 pages]
- Binder, Sarah. "The Politics of Legislative Stalemate." In Kernell (Section 6.2) [9 pages]

• Suggested Readings:

- Kollman 5.3: Cox, Gary. And Mathew D. McCubbins. "Setting the Agenda: Responsible Party Government in the U.S. House of Representatives"
- o Kollman 5.4: Grimmer, Justin, et. al "The Impression of Influence: Legislator Communication, Representation, and Democratic Accountability."
- Aldrich, John H. and David Rhode. "Congressional Committees in a Continuing Partisan Era." in Kernell (Section 6.3)
- Kollman 1.2: Olson, Mancur: "The Logic of Collective Action: Public Goods and the Theory of Groups"

Questions to consider while reading:

- What are the goals of Members' of Congress? [Fenno]
- What is a collective action problem? [Aldrich]
- How do political parties help Members of Congress achieve their goals and overcome collective action problems? [Aldrich]
- How do the Conditional Party Government and Cartel Theory explanations for party influence differ? ~
 The suggested Cox & McCubbins and Aldrich & Rhode readings will be helpful for this question
- For what reasons does "deadlock" increase in Congress? [Binder]

❖ Accompanying Kernell, Jacobson, Kousser, and Vavreck Reading

- Chapter 1 (Focus on p. 9 30, particularly on what a collective action problem is and the section on agenda control)
- Chapter 6 (Focus on p. 234 250; 255 269)
- Chapter 12 (Focus on p. 485 489)

Topic 4: The Presidency

- Kollman 6.1: Neustadt, Richard. "Presidential Power and the Modern Presidents: The Politics of Leadership from Roosevelt to Reagan." [9 pages]
- Kollman 6.2: Cameron, Charles. "Veto Bargaining: President and the Politics of Negative Power." [6 pages]
- McCarty, Nolan. "Where do vetoes come from?" The Monkey Cage. (2015) [3 pages]
- Skowronek, Stephen. "Presidential Leadership in Political Time." In Nelson [45 pages]

• Suggested Reading:

Kollman 6.4: Howell, William G. "Power without Persuasion: The Politics of Direct Presidential Action." [14 pages]

• Questions to consider while reading:

- What are the formal and informal sources of Presidential power? [Neustadt]
- Why would a President veto a bill he prefers to the status quo (the current policy)? [Cameron]
- Why would Congress pass a bill they know will be vetoed? [McCarty]
- How is Presidential leadership a struggle between the individual and the system? [Skowronek]

❖ Accompanying Kernell, Jacobson, Kousser, and Vavreck Reading

Chapter 7 (focus on the powers of the presidency)

Topic 5: Representation

- Burke, Edmund. "Speech to the Electors of Bristol." in Canon (Section 21). [5 pages]
- Kollman 13.4. Fox, Richard and Jennifer Lawless. "Gendered Perceptions and Political Candidacies: A Central Barrier to Women's Equality in Electoral Politics." [11 pages]
- Carnes, Nicholas. "Millionaires run our government. Here's why it matters." The Monkey Cage (2014) [4 pages]
- Barber, Michael, and Nolan McCarty "Causes and Consequences of Polarization" (2012). p. 19 30.
 [11 pages]

• Suggested Readings:

- o Kollman 5.2: Fenno, Richard F. "Home Style: House Members in Their Districts."
- Miller, Warren E. and Donald Stokes. "Constituency Influence in Congress." The American Political Science Review. 1963. [11 pages]
- o Matthews, Dylan. "One study explains why it's tough to pass liberal laws."
- o Swers, Michele L. and Stella Rouse "Descriptive Representation: Understanding the Impact of Identity on Substantive Representation of Group Interests"

Questions to consider while reading:

- What does it mean for a representative to be a delegate? What does it mean to be a trustee? [Burke]
- For what reasons are women less likely to run for elected office? [Fox and Lawless]
- What evidence do we have the Members of Congress are delegates or trustees? [Miller and Stokes & Matthews in suggested readings]
- What reasons do Barber and McCarty rule out as causes for Congressional polarization? [Barber and McCarty]
- ❖ Accompanying Kernell, Jacobson, Kousser, and Vavreck Reading
 - Chapter 6 (Focus on p. 219 225; 231 234)

Topic 6: The Bureaucracy & Interest Groups

- Moe, Terry. "The Politics of Bureaucratic Structure" in Kernell (Section 8.1) [10 pages]
- Kollman 7.2: McCubbins, Matthew and Thomas Schwartz. "Congressional Oversight Overlooked: Police Patrols versus Fire Alarms." [15 pages]
- Kollman 11.1: Gilens, Martin. "Affluence and Influence: Economic Inequality and Political Power in America." [8 pages]
- Sides, John. "A new experiment shows how money buys access to Congress." The Monkey Cage [4 pages]

• Suggested Readings:

- o Kollman 7.3: Carpenter, Daniel. "The Forging of Bureaucratic Autonomy: Reputations, Networks, and Policy Innovation in Executive Agencies, 1862-1928."
- Hall, Richard and Frank Wayman. "Moneyed Interests and the Mobilization of Bias in Congressional Committees." The American Political Science Review. 1990.
- o Lewis, David. "The Politics of Presidential Appointments" in Kernell (Section 8.2)
- o Kollman 11.2: Kollman, Ken: "Outside Lobbying: Public Opinion and Interest Group Strategies"

• Questions to consider while reading:

- What are the principle problems interest groups face when trying to structure the bureaucracy? [Moe]
- What is the difference between "police patrol" and "fire alarm" oversight? [McCubbins and Schwartz]
- How well does the common citizen appear to be represented by interest groups or have access to their Member of Congress? [Gilens, Sides]
- ❖ Accompanying Kernell, Jacobson, Kousser, and Vavreck Reading
 - Chapter 8 (Focus on p. 338 353)
 - Chapter 13 (Focus on p. 529 543)

Topic 7: The Judiciary

- George, Tracy and Lee Epstein. 1992. "On the Nature of Supreme Court Decision-Making,"
 American Political Science Review. 86(2): 323-337. [14 pages]
- Kollman 8.1: Rosenberg, Gerald. "The Hollow Hope: Can Courts Bring About Social Change." [7 pages]
- Cottrel, David and Charles Shipan. "If Obama appoints Scalia's successor, the Supreme Court will really jump leftward." *The Monkey Cage. 2016.*

• Suggested Readings:

- O Epstein, Lee and Jack Knight. 1998 "The Choices Justices Make." p. 9 18; Chapter 3 [63 pages]
- o Hamilton, Alexander. "Federalist 78."
- o Kollman 8.2: "Marbury v. Madison"
- o Kollman: 4.2: "Brown v. Board of Education."
- o Segal, Jeffery and Harold Spaeth. "The Supreme Court and the Attitudinal Model Revisited."
- Cameron, Darla et. al. "Vote count: How the Senate changed its rules and confirmed Gorsuch." The Monkey Cage. 2017.

Questions to consider while reading:

- What is the difference between the legal model and the extralegal (or attitudinal) model? [George and Epstein]
- To what extent and why is the court's power constrained? [Rosenberg]
- What strategies do justices employ to achieve their goals? [Epstein and Knight, from suggested readings]

❖ Accompanying Kernell, Jacobson, Kousser, and Vavreck Reading

• Chapter 9 (Focus on p. 361 – 364; 371 - 379)

Topic 8: Public Opinion & Political Knowledge

- Quealy, Kevin. "If Americans Can Find North Korea on a Map, They're More Likely to Prefer Diplomacy" [3 pages]
- Lippmann, Walter. 1925. "The Phantom Public" Excerpt. [4 pages]
- Key, V.O. "The Voice of the People: An Echo" from *The Responsible Electorate*. (Canon Section 47) [6 pages]
- Clawson and Oxley, Chapter 5. "Ideological Incongruence and Critiques." [8 pages]
 Focus on pages 133 141
- Kollman 9.2: Zaller, John. "The Nature and Origins of Mass Opinion." [5 pages]

• Suggested Readings:

Dropp, Kyle. "The less Americans know about Ukraine's location, the more they want the U.S. to intervene."

• Questions to consider while reading:

- What does Lippmann mean when he says "It is bad for a fat man to be a ballet dancer."? How does this compare with Key's conception of the electorate? [Lippmann, Key]
- According to Converse: [Converse]
 - To what extent are voters ideological?
 - O What is constraint?
 - O Are individuals' opinions and attitudes stable?
- What does Zaller mean when he states individuals appear to make decisions off "the top of their head?"
 [Zaller]

❖ Accompanying Kernell, Jacobson, Kousser, and Vavreck Reading

Chapter 10 (Focus on p. 399 – 414)

Topic 9: Rational Choice

- Kollman 9.1: Lupia, Arthur and Mathew D. McCubbins. "The Democratic Dilemma: Can Citizens Learn What They Need to Know?" [13 pages]
- Popkin, Sam. The Reasoning Voter (1994) p. 1-6, 72-81, 91-95. [19 pages]
- Page and Shapiro, The Rational Public (1992). Chapter 1. [32 pages]
- Suggested Readings:
 - O Downs, Anthony. An Economic Theory of Democracy (1957). Chapter 3. [24 pages]
- Questions to consider while reading:
 - Do voters need to be fully informed to make rational decisions? [Lupia]
 - What is the "expected party differential" and how is it used in voters' electoral decision-making? [Downs in suggested readings]
 - What are the two modes of information processing laid out by Popkin? [Popkin]
 - What is the "miracle of aggregation?" [Page and Shapiro]
- ❖ Accompanying Kernell, Jacobson, Kousser, and Vavreck Reading
 - Chapter 10: 417 422
 - Chapter 11: 454 458

Topic 10: Partisanship & Polarization

- Hetherington, Mark. "Partisanship and Polarization" in Berinsky (Chapter 5) [17 pages]
- Kollman 12.2: Campbell, Angus et. al. "The American Voter: An Abridgment" [7 pages]
- Fiorina, Morris "Culture War? The Myth of a Polarized America." in Kernell (Section 10.3). [7 pages]
- Suggested Readings:
 - o Political Polarization in the American Public. Pew Research Center 2014
 - o Fiorina, Morris. "Americans have not become more politically polarized." The Monkey Cage. 2014
- Questions to consider while reading:
 - How polarized is the American public? [Hetherington; Fiorina]
 - What is sorting? How does it happen? [Hetherington; Fiorina]
 - How can "enduring partisan commitments" shape "attitudes towards political objects?" [Campbell]
 - What is the difference between "closely and deeply divided" and "closely but not deeply divided?" Which better explains public opinion in America? [Fiorina]
- ❖ Accompanying Kernell, Jacobson, Kousser, and Vavreck Reading
 - Chapter 10: 408 410
 - Chapter 12: 514 525

Topic 11: Electoral Behavior and Institutions

- Kollman 12.3: Cohen, Marty et. al. "The Party Decides: Presidential Nominations Before and After Reform." [10 pages]
- Bartels, Larry. "Partisan Biases in Economic Accountability." Chapter 3 in *Unequal Democracy* [30 pages]
- Sanders, Laura. 2010. "Home Team Wins May Influence Elections." Wired: Science News. [3 pages]

• Suggested Readings

- Kollman, 13.1, Koza, John, et. al. "Every Vote Equal: A State-Based Plan for Electing the President by National Popular Vote."
- o Kollman 12.4: Kollman, Ken. "Who drives the party bus?" [3 pages]

• Questions to consider while reading:

- Who is most influential in selecting presidential nominees? [Cohen; Kollman]
- What does it mean that voters are myopic? [Bartels]
- If voters respond to sporting events, what are the implications for elections serving as an accountability mechanism? [Sanders]
- Accompanying Kernell, Jacobson, Kousser, and Vavreck Reading
 - Chapter 11: 445-446

Topic 12: Self-Interest & Groups

- Bartels, Larry. "Homer Gets a Tax Cut" Chapter 5 in Unequal Democracy. [31 pages]
- Kollman 9.4: Cramer, Katherine: "The Politics of Resentment: Rural Consciousness in Wisconsin and the Rise of Scott Walker. [27 pages]
- White, Ismail, Chryl Laird, and Troy Allen. "Selling Out?: The Politics of Navigating Conflicts between Racial Group Interest and Self-Interest." American Political Science Review. 104(4): 783-800. [17 pages]

Suggested Readings:

- Dawson, Michael. "Not in Our Lifetimes: The Future of Black Politics."
- o McCleod, Saul. "Social Identity Theory"
- o Kollman 4.1: Tesler, Michael. "Post-Racial or Most-Racial?: Race and Politics in the Obama Era.
- o Kollman 10.1: Wong, Janelle. Et. al. "Asian American Political Participation: Emerging Constituents and Their Political Identities."
- o Kollman 14.2: Abrajana, Marisa. "Campaigning to a New Electorate: Advertising to Latino Voters."

• Questions to consider while reading:

- What are the steps or processes to social identity theory? [McCleod in suggested readings]
- What is the "black utility heuristic" and "linked fate?" [White]
- What evidence do we have that individuals follow their perceived group interests versus their self-interest?
 [White; Bartels]

❖ Accompanying Kernell, Jacobson, Kousser, and Vavreck Reading

Chapter 10: p. 434 - 439

Topic 13: The Media

- Iyengar, Shanto and Donald Kinder. "News that Matters." Chapters 2 3. 1987. [26 pages]
- Prior, Markus. "News vs. Entertainment: How Increasing Media Choice Widens Gaps in Political Knowledge and Turnout." In Canon section 46. [7 pages]
- Kollman 14.1: Baum, Matthew. "Soft News Goes to War: Public Opinion and American Foreign Policy in the New Media Age." [4 pages]

• Suggested Reading

- o Gilens, Martin. 1999. Why Americans Hate Welfare. Chapters 5 and 6
- Questions to consider while reading:
 - What is the agenda-setting hypothesis? How do Iyengar and Kinder provide support for this hypothesis? [Iyengar and Kinder]
 - How can people learn about politics by accident or as a "by-product" of other activities? [Prior]
 - How have changes to the media environment over the last 60 years and the advent of "soft news" influenced the extent to which (and how) voters learn about politics? [Baum]
- Accompanying Kernell, Jacobson, Kousser, and Vavreck Reading
 - Chapter 10: p. 415 417

Topic 14: Public Opinion, Policy, and Representation

- Erikson, Robert, Michael MacKuen, and James A. Stimson. 2002. "Public Opinion and Policy: Causal Flow in a Macro System." Chapter 2 in Navigating Public Opinion: Polls, Policy and Future of American Democracy. [21 pages]
- Kollman: 13.5: Achen, Christopher and Larry Bartels "Democracy for Realists: Why Elections Do Not Produce Responsive Government." [8 pages]
- Kollman 15.2: Mettler, Suzanne. "The Submerged State: How Invisible Government Policy Undermine American Democracy." [12 pages]

• Suggested Reading

- Bartels, Larry. "Economic Inequality and Political Representation." Chapter 8 in Unequal Democracy 2016.
- Questions to consider while reading:
 - What is the "submerged state?" [Mettler]
 - How do the arguments of Achen & Bartels and Erikson et. al differ regarding the prospects for representative government? [Achen; Erikson]