

Agenda

Types of Financial Aid

How to apply for Aid

FAFSA overview

Financial Aid Offers

Financial Aid Timeline



Types of Financial Aid

Gift Aid

Scholarships

Merit scholarships

Talent-based scholarships

Athletic aid

Grants

Need-based aid from institutions Federal Pell Grant Federal SEOG Grant State Aid

Self-Help

Loans

Federal Direct Student Loans

Parent PLUS Loan

Private/alternative student loans



Federal Work Study





How Do I Apply?

Admission Application

School specific Merit Scholarship usually determined by GPA & ACT/SAT scores (some schools are Test Optional)

Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA)

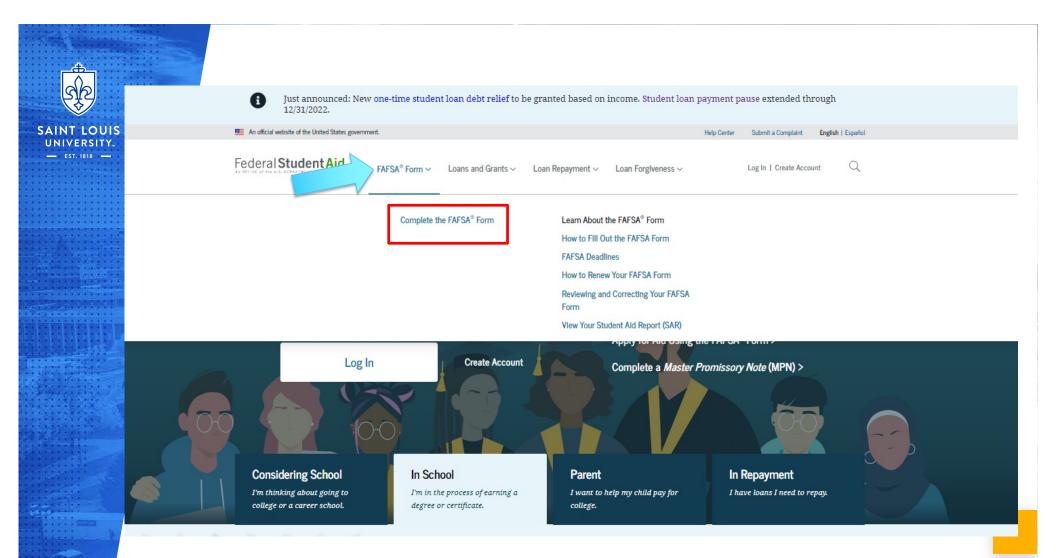
Determines Federal Aid Eligibility
Federal Pell and SEOG
Federal Student Loan

CSS Profile

Required by some colleges and universities Requests additional information Involves a fee









Welcome to the FAFSA® Form

Tell us about yourself.

○ I am a student and want to access the FAFSA form.

○ I am a parent filling out a FAFSA form for a student.

○ I am a preparer helping a student fill out his or her FAFSA form.

When Should I Apply?

The 2023-2024 FAFSA can be completed as early as October 1, 2022

Should be completed in student's senior year of high school.

Most need-based aid awarded on "first-come, first-served" basis

Schools determine timelines for priority deadlines FAFSA must be completed each year the student is enrolled in college





Helpful Hints for FAFSA

FAFSA is based on prior-prior year tax and income information. 2023-2024 FAFSA will ask for 2021 information.

Establish FSA ID for both student and parent prior to filling out the FAFSA

Use IRS Data Retrieval Tool (DRT) within the FAFSA form

Use help tools throughout the form

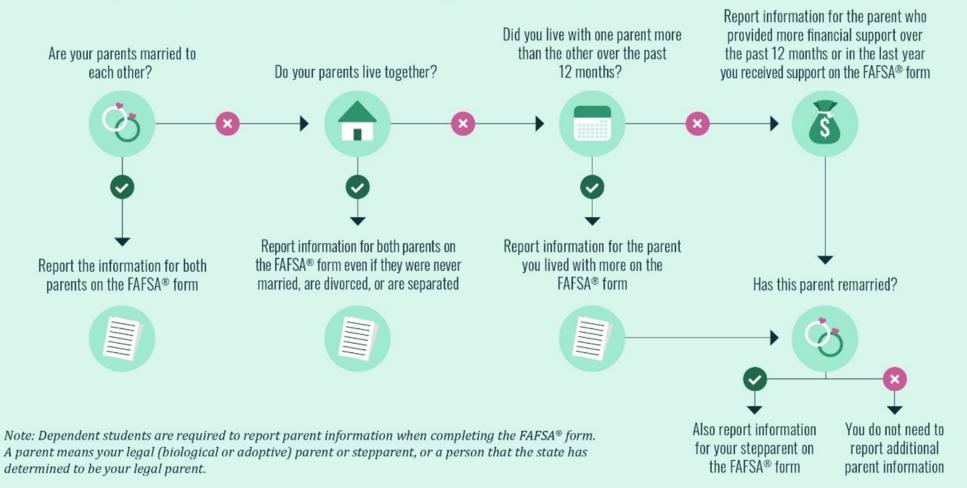
Utilize FAFSA Practice tools







Who's My Parent When I Fill Out My FAFSA® Form?



Expected Family Contribution (EFC)

- Congress uses Federal Methodology that determines the Expected Family Contribution (EFC) generated by the FAFSA
- Determined by the Dept. of Education, not the individual schools
- Uses student and parent income and assets
- Includes provisions and exceptions for your family and costof-living







Direct Cost v. Cost of Attendance

Direct Costs

Billed costs associated with attendance

Tuition

Fees

Room and Board (for on campus students)

Cost of Attendance

Billed costs + estimates

Tuition

Fees

Room and Board

Books and Supplies

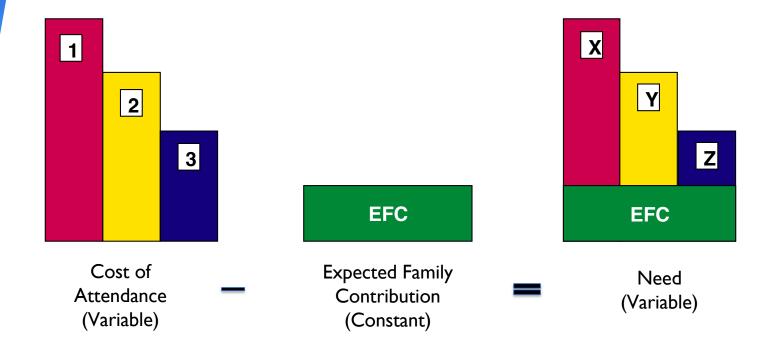
Transportation

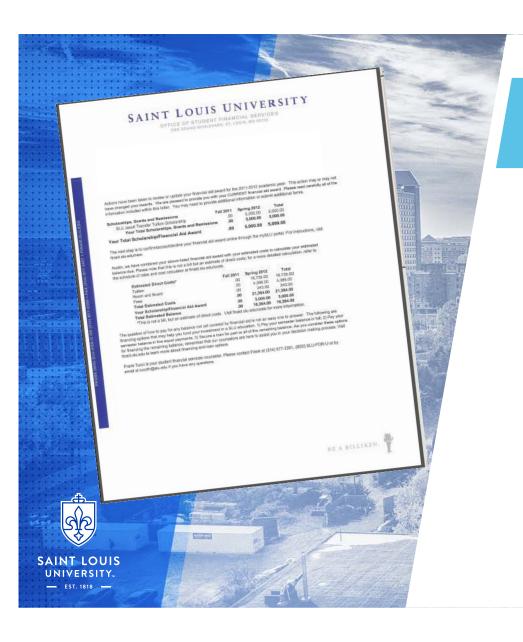
Loan Fees

Miscellaneous



Need Varies Based on Cost





Financial Aid Offers

- Lists scholarships, grants, loans, and work opportunities based upon FAFSA
- Sent out by schools after students are admitted and FAFSA is received



Federal Direct Student Loans

	Direct Subsidized Loan	Direct Unsubsidized Loan
How much can I borrow?	\$3,500	\$5,500* *Less any borrowing of the Direct Subsidized Loan
Is it based on need?	Yes	No
What is the interest rate?	Fixed 4.99% (for 2022-23)	Fixed 4.99% (for 2022-23)
When do I begin repayment?	6 months after graduation or below ½ time status	6 months after graduation or below ½ time status
Future Amounts	\$4,500 for SO Year \$5,500 for JR Year \$5,500 for SR Year	\$6,500 for SO year* \$7,500 for JR year* \$7,500 for SR year*
		*Less any borrowing of the Direct Subsidized Loan



Grade Level Loan Eligibility

Grade Level	Credit Hours	Dependent	Independent
1 – Freshman	0-29	\$5,500	\$9,500
2 – Sophomore	30-59	\$6,500	\$10,500
3 – Junior	60-89	\$7,500	\$12,500
4 – Senior	90+	\$7,500	\$12,500

Outside Scholarships and College Savings Plans

Outside Scholarships

- Scholarships from sources other than colleges or universities can reduce direct costs
- Be sure to send notification of these awards to the schools upon receipt

College Savings Plans

- Most schools will accept payment from 529 college savings plans directly
- Each plan may operate differently. Reach out to your provider early.





Private Scholarship Search

Free private scholarship search engines:

FastWeb

FinAid on the Web

College Board

Sallie Mae

GoCollege

St. Louis Graduates

My Scholarship Central

Missouri Scholarship & Loan

Foundation

www.fastweb.com

www.finaid.org

www.collegeboard.com

SallieMae.com/Scholarships

www.gocollege.com

stlouisgraduates.org

myscholarshipcentral.org

moslf.org







Calculating your Remaining Balance

COST

Tuition, Fees, On Campus Housing, Parking, Health Insurance, etc.

AID

Merit scholarship, need based grants, federal aid, state aid, student loans, private scholarships, etc.

= REMAINING BALANCE

Covering Remaining Balance

OUT OF POCKET

Most schools offer at least one type of payment plan School payment plans are usually 5 payments per semester

College Savings Plans

PARENT PLUS LOAN - Federal - Credit Qualifying
Interest rate = 7.54%
Federal Origination Fee = 4.228%
Estimated Monthly payment = \$118 per \$10,000
Borrowed

PRIVATE STUDENT LOAN - Private - Credit Qualifying
Estimated interest rate = 10%
Typically no origination fee
Estimated Monthly payment = \$132 per \$10,000
Borrowed







Other Loan Options

	Parent PLUS Loan	Private/Alternative Loan	
Who is the borrower?	Parent	Student	
What is the interest rate?	Fixed 7.54% (for 2022-23)	Variable	
Is there an origination fee?	Yes - 4.228% (for 2022-23)	Varies by lender	
When is the loan repaid?	60 days after full disbursement. Forbearance options may be available to defer payments	6 months after graduation or below ½ time status	
How much can I borrow?	Up to the cost of attendance minus any other aid received	Up to the cost of attendance minus any other aid received Aggregate limits may apply	
Do I need a co-signer?	No	Yes, in most cases	
Is the loan based on credit?	Yes If denied, the student is awarded \$4,000 Unsub loan	Yes	



Loan Repayment Estimates

Loan	Rate	Term	Monthly Payment
Federal Direct Student Loan	4.99%	10 Years	\$100 per \$10,000 borrowed
Federal Parent PLUS Loan	7.54%	10 Years	\$118 per \$10,000 borrowed
Private Student Loans	10%	10 Years	\$132 per \$10,000 borrowed

^{*}Federal Interest rates are set each year

^{*} Private student loans typically have variable rates and can be less than 10% based on credit



Timeline for Senior Year

August to December	Admission applications and college visits
By October 1	Create FSA IDs
Beginning October 1	Submit FAFSA
November through March	Receive and review award notices
May 1	Submit deposits and accept financial aid
May - June	Make a plan to cover remaining balance, apply for Parent PLUS loans or private loans, complete MPN and loan entrance counseling
July – August	Register for classes, finalize payment arrangements, move-in!





Asset Net Worth

Asset net worth is the current value of your assets minus what you owe on those assets.

Assets include

- · money in cash, savings, and checking accounts;
- businesses;
- investment farms;
- real estate (other than the home in which you live);
- Uniform Gifts to Minors Act (UGMA) and Uniform Transfer to Minors Act (UTMA) accounts for which you are the owner; and
- stocks, bonds, certificates of deposit, etc.

Assets don't include

- the home in which you live;
- UGMA and UTMA accounts for which you are the custodian, but not the owner;
- the value of life insurance;
- ABLE accounts; and
- retirement plans (401[k] plans, pension funds, annuities, noneducation IRAs, Keogh plans, etc.).

