

# **Program-Level Assessment: Annual Report**

Program Name (no acronyms): Doctor of Medicine	Department: Curricular Affairs		
Degree or Certificate Level: MD	College/School: School of Medicine		
Date (Month/Year): July 20, 2021	Assessment Contact: Dr. Debra L. Schindler		
In what year was the data upon which this report is based collected? AY 20-21			
In what year was the program's assessment plan most recently reviewed/updated? 2021			

## 1. Student Learning Outcomes

Which of the program's student learning outcomes were assessed in this annual assessment cycle? (Please list the full, complete learning outcome statements and not just numbers, e.g., Outcomes 1 and 2.)

Student performance in our year 3 clinical clerkships was significantly revised for AY 20-21. In the past, National Board of Medical Examiners (NBME) standardized multiple-choice examinations and clinical assessments (observations by faculty, written history and physical exams documents, etc.) were combined to create a single, final grade for each clerkship. This combination of MCQ exams and clinical performances masked the true ability of students to demonstrate their clinical skills: the NBME exams always had a larger score distribution than clinical performance measures.

Beginning in AY 20-21, students in our core clerkships received two separate grades: one based on the NBME exam and the other based on multiple clinical performance measures. Each clerkship is represented on the student transcript by two entries: XXX-301 Clerkship (clinical grade) and XXX Clerkship Exam-301E (NBME grade).

#### 2. Assessment Methods: Artifacts of Student Learning

Which artifacts of student learning were used to determine if students achieved the outcome(s)? Please describe and identify the course(s) in which these artifacts were collected. Clarify if any such courses were offered a) online, b) at the Madrid campus, or c) at any other off-campus location.

All courses are offered only at Saint Louis University School of Medicine.

At the end of each clerkship rotation, students sit for the National Board of Medical Examiners (NBME) Subject examination in that specialty: Family Medicine, Internal Medicine, Neurology, Obstetrics and Gynecology, Pediatrics, Psychiatry, and Surgery. These are nationally-normed examinations administered to students in most medical schools for the core clerkships. Grading is similarly standardized and based on the National Percentile Rank as reported by the NBME. Saint Louis University School of Medicine uses the following criteria for all seven core clerkships:

- 75th percentile and above = Honors
- 50th -74th percentile = Near Honors
- 5th -49th percentile = Pass
- Below 5th percentile = In Progress for the 1st attempt at the NBME
- Below 5th percentile = Fail on the 2nd attempt at the NBME

All clerkships include student performance evaluations based on observations by faculty and residents. Additional assessments vary by clerkship, based on the specifics of the discipline. For example, the "required clinical experiences" are lists of patient types and/or conditions specific to the discipline that each student will experience during that clerkship. Grades of Honors (40%), Near Honors (30%), Pass (40%), Fail are calculated for each rotation

of the clerkship. Grades and distributions are assigned by the clerkship directors and monitored by the assistant dean for program evaluation and assessment.

The table below lists the clinical assessments used by each clerkship director to determine the final clinical grade for each student.

Clerkship	Clinical Assessments	
Family Medicine (FCM-301)	Student performance evaluation- receptor	
	Student performance evaluation- Case-based learning	
	Required clinical experiences	
	Professionalism	
	SOAP note submissions	
Internal Medicine (IM-301)	Student performance evaluations- faculty and residents	
	Required clinical experiences History & Physical submissions	
	Professionalism	
	SOAP note submissions	
	Clinical reasoning exercise	
Neurology (N-301)	Student performance evaluations- faculty and residents	
	Required clinical experiences Professionalism	
	History & Physical notes	
	Supervised history & physical	
	Unsupervised history & physical	
	Clinical cases	
Obstetrics, Gynecology, and	Student performance evaluations- faculty and residents	
Women's Health (OB-301)	Required clinical experiences	
	History & physical submissions	
	Objective structured clinical exam (OSCE)	
Pediatrics (PED-301)	Student performance evaluations- faculty and residents	
	Required clinical experiences	
	Professionalism	
	Quality improvement/Critical reflection assignment	
	Well-child visit or newborn admission history	
	Well-child visit or newborn admission physical exam	
	Problem-based visit or hospitalization history	
	Problem-based visit or hospitalization physical exam	
	Problem-based visit or hospitalization information sharing	
	Medical documentation	
	Objective structured clinical examination (OSCE)	
Psychiatry (PS-301)	Student performance evaluations- faculty and residents	
	Required clinical experiences	
	History & physical exam submissions	
	Objective structured clinical examination (OSCE)	
	Parallel charting	
	Panopto videos and preparation	
	Cultural narrative- implicit bias	
	Observation checklist	
Surgery (S-301)	Student performance evaluations- faculty and residents	
	Required clinical experiences	
	Professionalism	
	Operative notes	
	History & physical	
	Small group presentation	

## 3. Assessment Methods: Evaluation Process

What process was used to evaluate the artifacts of student learning, and by whom? Please identify the tools(s) (e.g., a rubric) used in the process and **include them in/with this report document** (do not just refer to the assessment plan).

Our clerkship directors are physicians and the subject matter experts in their courses. They identify new instructional methods and assessments, review their utility and make decisions about the use of new methodologies in their courses.

Student course evaluations provide feedback to the course directors and the curriculum deans. Student insight regarding new approaches to teaching and learning is an essential part of the evaluation process. Once every year a student team reviews course evaluation data and meets with the directors and academic deans to discuss the course and recommend changes. Clerkship directors provide an "action plan" for the next year, which is reviewed by the Clinical Curriculum subcommittee. A copy of the AY 20-21 Annual Review Report for the Psychiatry clerkship is attached.

## 4. Data/Results

What were the results of the assessment of the learning outcome(s)? Please be specific. Does achievement differ by teaching modality (e.g., online vs. face-to-face) or on-ground location (e.g., STL campus, Madrid campus, other off-campus site)?

	Students earning the <u>same</u> final grades for clinical performance and	Students earning <u>different</u> final grades for clinical performance and NBME exam	
	NBME exam		
FCM-301 and FCM-301E	40.7%	59.3%	
IM-301 and IM-301E	48.0%	52.0%	
N-301 and N-301E	39.3%	60.7%	
OB-301 and OB-301E	42.4%	57.6%	
PED-301 and PED-301E	46.2%	53.8%	
PS-301 and PS-301E	32.8%	67.2%	
S-301 and S-301E	39.9%	60.9%	

This change in our curriculum reflects the difference between student performance on multiple-choice exams and performance in the clinical skills essential for patient care. Achievement does differ: some students are better at standardized tests than they are at interpersonal and clinical skills, and visa versa. Separating these assessments is allowing us to provide appropriate feedback and additional, targeted training where each student most needs help to improve.

#### 5. Findings: Interpretations & Conclusions

What have you learned from these results? What does the data tell you?

The data support our contention that the skills involved in being successful on multiple-choice examinations and those required for success in the clinic require separate assessments, different teaching and learning modalities, and different remediation plans for students who demonstrate difficulties in either area.

#### 6. Closing the Loop: Dissemination and Use of <u>Current</u> Assessment Findings

A. When and how did your program faculty share and discuss these results and findings from this cycle of assessment?

The Clinical Curriculum Subcommittee is the forum in which discussion of the clerkships, the curriculum being taught, and instructional modalities takes place. Clerkship directors share their experiences with the students and the outcome measures that they use. This subcommittee meets monthly.

**B.** How specifically have you decided to use these findings to improve teaching and learning in your program? For example, perhaps you've initiated one or more of the following:

Changes to the Curriculum or Pedagogies	<ul> <li>Course content</li> <li>Teaching techniques</li> <li>Improvements in technology</li> <li>Prerequisites</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Course sequence</li> <li>New courses</li> <li>Deletion of courses</li> <li>Changes in frequency or scheduling of course offerings</li> </ul>
Changes to the Assessment Plan	<ul> <li>Student learning outcomes</li> <li>Artifacts of student learning</li> <li>Evaluation process</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Evaluation tools (e.g., rubrics)</li> <li>Data collection methods</li> <li>Frequency of data collection</li> </ul>

Please describe the actions you are taking as a result of these findings.

Our findings have resulted in several changes to the assessment plans.

- 1. Student learning outcomes have been more clearly defined in terms of exam performance and clinical skills.
- 2. New artifacts related to clinical skills have been designed and implemented such as the critical reflection assignment in Pediatrics.
- 3. New evaluation tools, such as the parallel charting exercise in Psychiatry have been introduced.
- 4. The frequency of reviewing student notes (SOAP, admission, history & physical exam, operative) has been increased.
- 5. The Medical Student Performance Evaluation (MSPE) is a document provided to residency programs as part of the medical student application for residency. This year for the first time the MSPE will be able to highlight student abilities in both exam-taking (important for in-training and licensing exams during residency) and clinical skills (important for patient care and teamwork in the clinical setting)

In addition, new resources and personnel have been added to specifically address improving students' clinical skills.

Dr. Sara Barnett has been a Learning Specialist in the Office of Student Affairs for several years. She works closely with each of our medical students (across all four years) to strengthen their exam skills and study habits. She is a coach that helps our students prepare for their internal exams and their medical licensing examinations. This year she is joined in her work by Tara O'Sadnick, also a Learning Specialist in Student Affairs.

Dr. Timothy Havens is our new Medical Director of the Clinical Skills Center and Course Director for Clinical Diagnosis. In this role he will be working on the development and expansion of clinical skills training and assessment, particularly in the field of objective structured clinical exams (OSCEs) where students work with standardized patients to develop and practice their clinical skills. Dr. Havens is currently an assistant professor in the department of surgery, division of emergency medicine. Dr. Havens is known for both his outstanding clinical care and outstanding teaching. He has served in leadership roles in both the education of students and residents. He was the co-director of the emergency medicine clerkship and director of a number of student electives. Among his graduate medical education roles, he was the Director of Resident Performance Improvement and Oral Board Preparation for the SLU Emergency Medicine Residents. During his time as faculty, he was awarded the Best Doctor Award and, later, the Best Teaching Award by the Division of Emergency Medicine. He received the Excellence in Professionalism Award from the school of medicine. Recently, he was honored as the R.R. Hannas Physician of the Year by the Missouri College of Emergency Physicians in 2019.

Dr. Tom Olsen will be stepping into a new role as Clinical Remediation Specialist. Dr. Olsen will be a resource for students who are struggling clinically to get some hands-on clinical coaching, develop an action plan, and ensure remediation follow-up and accountability. He will assist in remediation efforts for any student that does not get a passing grade on the clinical component of a clerkship or students identified as needing additional clinical coaching. Dr. Olsen, he is an outstanding general internist/primary care physician and medical educator who is SLU through and through. He did medical school and residency at SLU before becoming faculty. He has been the IM residency program director and has won numerous teaching awards. Recently, he was named a Master

Clinician by the American College of Physicians denoting his career excellence in both clinical care and education.

If no changes are being made, please explain why.

#### 7. Closing the Loop: Review of Previous Assessment Findings and Changes

A. What is at least one change your program has implemented in recent years as a result of assessment data? Students in years 1 and 2 have consistently requested more opportunities for active learning and fewer traditional, passive lectures. They express this opinion in course evaluations, evaluation team meetings, in class meetings, and in casual conversations. In AY 20-21 we implemented team-based learning (TBL) and peer instruction (PI) as two new instructional methods. Mr. Neal Weber (Director of Instructional Design and Assessment) provided faculty training, student training, and directed the TBL and PI sessions over Zoom due to COVID restrictions. Almost every course in years 1 and 2 had TBL and/or PI sessions.

## B. How has this change/have these changes been assessed?

Student satisfaction with TBL and PI is assessed through the annual course evaluation process. Students complete the course evaluation; a student team provides a summary of the findings and meets with the course directors and academic deans to discuss the course and the student summary report. Course directors then provide an action plan to address any issues in the course: the action plan is reviewed by the Program Evaluation and Assessment Subcommittee and the Pre-Clerkship Curriculum Subcommittee. Either committee can return the plan to the course directors for amendment or clarification.

## C. What were the findings of the assessment?

Overall, students were highly satisfied with both TBL and PI. Their specific recommendations included:

- 1. Fewer, but more focused TBL sessions.
- 2. Move faster through the PI session.
- 3. Clarify learning objectives for the TBL sessions.

The table below illustrates student satisfaction in AY 20-21 with the new instructional methods.

AY 2020-2021	Strongly disagree / Disagree	Somewhat disagree / Somewhat agree	Agree / Strongly agree
I was satisfied with this team-based learning approach.	12%	23%	64%
CARD-100 - Cardiovascular System	13%	29%	58%
CARD-200 - Cardiovascular System	5%	21%	73%
ENDR-200 - Endocrine and Reproductive System	7%	22%	70%
GI-200 - Gastrointestinal System	5%	20%	75%
IPT-100 - Principles of Immunology, Pharmacology, and Therapeutics	16%	26%	58%
MED-100 - Molecular Foundations in Medicine	7%	30%	63%
MED-110 - NSF: Musculoskeletal	4%	20%	76%
MED-120 - NSF: Thorax & Head	6%	24%	70%
MED-130 - NSF: Abdomen & Pelvis	35%	27%	40%
MED-160 - Brain & Behavior	17%	27%	56%
PATH-100 - Introduction to Pathology	7%	20%	73%
RENL-200 - Renal-Urinary System	9%	18%	74%
RESP-200 - Respiratory System	9%	20%	71%
SBJ-200 - Skin, Bone and Joint Module	22%	28%	49%
I was satisfied with this peer instruction learning approach.	11%	23%	67%
CARD-100 - Cardiovascular System	16%	21%	62%
ENDR-200 - Endocrine and Reproductive System	16%	21%	63%
IPT-100 - Principles of Immunology, Pharmacology, and Therapeutics	20%	34%	47%
MED-100 - Molecular Foundations in Medicine	4%	21%	74%
MED-110 - NSF: Musculoskeletal	3%	17%	81%
MED-120 - NSF: Thorax & Head	3%	12%	85%
MED-130 - NSF: Abdomen & Pelvis	6%	19%	74%
MED-160 - Brain & Behavior	16%	26%	60%
RENL-200 - Renal-Urinary System	8%	24%	69%
RESP-200 - Respiratory System	13%	24%	63%
SBJ-200 - Skin, Bone and Joint Module	21%	25%	54%

**D.** How do you plan to (continue to) use this information moving forward?

Course directors in all modules submit action plans for their courses in the following year. Mr. Weber will be working with them to address student concerns regarding the team-based learning and peer instruction sessions. The action plans for the previous year are reviewed by students and subcommittee in the current year to ensure that changes are made as needed.

IMPORTANT: Please submit any assessment tools (e.g., rubrics) with this report as separate attachments or copied and pasted into this Word document. Please do not just refer to the assessment plan; the report should serve as a standalone document.