October Safety Awareness Quiz
Health Exposures and Reporting

1. Inhalation hazards can be prevented by:
   a. Using a chemical fume hood
   b. Handwashing
   c. Using a biological safety cabinet
   d. Both a and c

2. Exposure to chemicals can cause acute and/or chronic health effects.
   a. True
   b. False

3. Laboratory acquired infections are primarily acquired via:
   a. Injection
   b. Inhalation
   c. Ingestion
   d. Absorption

4. Radiation exposure can be reduced by:
   a. Shielding
   b. Minimizing time with radioactive materials
   c. Increasing distance from radioactive materials
   d. All of the above

5. Which of the following is not a physical hazard:
   a. Radiation
   b. Extreme temperatures
   c. Toxic substances
   d. Electrical hazards
   e. Fire
   f. Compressed gases
   g. Slips, trips and falls
   h. None of the above

6. The Occupational Health program provides assistance with medical review, medical clearance, and respirator fit testing.
   a. True
   b. False

7. In the event of an injury or illness, which statement is false:
   a. Report to supervisor
   b. Seek treatment at Concentra during normal business hours
   c. Seek treatment at SSM Health SLU Hospital for ABSL-3/BSL-3 incidents and work related injuries that occur after hours.
   d. Seek treatment at the Occupational Health Program office.

8. A student in a teaching lab is injured. Where should they seek treatment during normal business hours?
   a. Concentra
   b. Student Health
c. SSM Health SLU Hospital
  d. Occupational Health Program office

9. A student in a research lab is injured. Where should they seek treatment? Select all that apply.
   a. Concentra during normal business hours
   b. Student Health
   c. SSM Health SLU hospital after hours
   d. Occupational Health Program office

10. Employees have a right to access their employee medical records and employee exposure records.
    a. True
    b. False